Input / Output of FY2022

Input				Output				
Energy Usage		8.94 million GJ* ¹		Greenhouse Gas Emissions* ⁴		438.0	438.0 thousand t-CO ₂	
Break down	Electric power	785.2	thousand MWh	Break down	Energy related* ⁵	370.2	thousand t-CO ₂	
	Solar power (included in Electric power)* ²	2.33	thousand MWh		Non-energy related* ⁶	67.9	thousand t-CO ₂	
	Coal	10.0	thousand t					
	Fuel oil	2.9	thousand kL	Released into the A	Atmosphere			
	Gas (excluding LPG and LNG)	17.3	million Nm ³	Break down	NOx	39	t	
					SOx	27	t	
Water Usage		6,176 tł	nousand m ³		VOCs* ⁷	65	t	
Break down	Groundwater	4,713	thousand m ³		Dust and soot	10	t	
	Tapwater	810	thousand m ³					
	Industrial water	652	thousand m ³	Released into Wate	er Systems			
				Break down	Wastewater	5,554	thousand m ³	
Total Raw Materials Used 204.5 thousand t			COD* ⁸	107	t			
Break down	Brake friction materials	57.8	thousand t		SSs* ⁹	73	t	
	Chemical substances	57.2	thousand t					
	Steel	43.0	thousand t	PRTR Substances				
	Raw cotton, cotton yarn	22.0	thousand t	Break down	Released amounts	21.2	t	
	Packaging materials	8.6	thousand t		Transferred amounts	51.7	t	
Volume of PRTR Substances* ³ 2,625 t		Total Waste Volum	e	51.8	thousand t			
Office Paper Usage		47,103 thousand sheets		Recycled Waste		43.4	thousand t	
				Products Shipment		566.7	thousand t	
Gigaioule (GI): A	unit of energy measurement $1GI = 10^9 I = about 2$	10 000 kilocalori	26			000.7		
Gigajoule (GJ): A unit of energy measurement. $1GJ = 10^9 J = about 240,000 kilocalories$ Not including electricity sold under the feed-in tariffs scheme for renewable energy			Solar Power Sales		3.9	thousand MWh		
PRTR substances: Substances subject to the Pollutant Release and Transfer Register (PRTR) system pursuant to the "Act on the Confirmation, etc. of Release Amounts of Specific Chemical Substances in the Environment			Transport Volume*	10	157.7	million t-km		

*4 Greenhouse

transfer must be filed.

Scope1:

Energy-related Greenhouse Gas Emissions = Σ [Fuel Consumption x CO₂ Emission Factor^{*4-1}]

and Promotion of Improvements to the Management Thereof" and reports of their amounts of release and

Non-Energy-related Greenhouse Gas Emissions = Non-Energy-related CO₂ Emissions + Σ [Greenhouse Gas Emissions other than CO₂ × Global warming potential^{'4-2}]

*4-1 Emission factors based on the Act on Promotion of Global Warming Countermeasures are used. Coal, however, uses a factor calculated based on actual calorific values is used, and 1.896 t-CO₂/t is used for FY2022. *4-2 Global warming potential based on the Act on Promotion of Global Warming Countermeasures.

Scope2:

Energy-related GHG emissions = Σ [purchased electricity and purchased steam volume x CO₂ emission factor^{*4-3}]

*4-3 Purchased electricity uses, in Japan, adjusted emission factors for each electric company based on the Act on Promotion of Global Warming Countermeasures in Japan, and the in foreign countries, the emission factors for each electric company, and if unavailable, the latest country-specific emission factors of IEA Emissions Factors. Data for fiscal 2021 and earlier use country-specific emission factors for each year from "IEA Emissions Factors 2021". Purchased steam uses emission factors based on the Act on Promotion of Global Warming Countermeasures.

*5 Energy related

*6 Non-energy related greenhouse gas emissions: Greenhouse gas emissions due to reasons other than fuel consumption, e.g. manufacturing process, waste products, etc.

*7 Volatile Organic

*8 Chemical Oxygen Demand (CODs): Chemical Oxygen Demand, or Chemical Oxygen Consumption, is an indicator that shows water contamination levels.

*9 Suspended Solids (SSs): The amount of foreign substances floating in water.

*10 Transport Volumes in international waters are not included.